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10/593,327	09/18/2006	Thomas Becker	R.307891	7418
2119 RONALD E. C	7590 11/09/200 REIGG .	EXAMINER		
GREIGG & GREIGG P.L.L.C. 1423 POWHATAN STREET, UNIT ONE ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			GIMIE, MAHMOUD	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3747	
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			. 11/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		10/593,327	BECKER, THOMAS
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Mahmoud Gimie	3747
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with t	the correspondence address
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NO - Failt Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE (a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABANI	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
· 1)⊠ 2a)□ 3)□	·	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters	•
Disposit	ion of Claims		
5) □ 6) ⊠ 7) ⊠ 8) □ Applicat 9) □ 10) ⊠	Claim(s) <u>9-21</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>9-12 and 15-17</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>13,14 and 18-21</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or claim(s) are subject to by the Examine The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 September 2006</u> is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	r election requirement. r. are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ odrawing(s) be held in abeyance. ion is required if the drawing(s) i	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Appl ity documents have been rec i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage
2) Notice 3) Information	nt(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 9/18/06.		mary (PTO-413) lail Date mal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 9-12 and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Mattes (US 6,823,846)

The applied reference has a common assignee with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) might be overcome either by a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not the invention "by another," or by an appropriate showing under 37 CFR 1.131.

Mattes discloses a fuel injection system for an internal combustion engine, the system comprising a high-pressure (10) side including at least one high-pressure reservoir (12) in which fuel is stored at injection pressure and at least one injector (20) communicating with the high-pressure reservoir, for fuel injection to a cylinder of the engine, a low-pressure (50) side which communicates at least indirectly with a fuel tank (14), and a

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communication (64) between the high-pressure side and the low-pressure side, which communication is controlled as a function of the fuel temperature in the high-pressure side and at a high fuel temperature is at least substantially closed so that the high-pressure side is disconnected from the low-pressure side, and that is open at a low fuel temperature; see col. 3 and II. 15-32.

Regarding claim 10, further comprising a valve device (64) controlling the communication of the high-pressure side with the low-pressure side, which valve device is influenced by the fuel temperature in the high-pressure side.

Regarding claim 11, wherein the valve device (64) comprises a bimetal-switching device (68) having at least two elements that comprise metals of different coefficients of thermal expansion.

Regarding claim 12, wherein a flow section is opened between the two elements at a low fuel temperature; and wherein at a high fuel temperature, the flow cross-section is at least substantially closed by the element having the greater coefficient of thermal expansion (inherent).

Regarding claim 15, wherein the valve device is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

Regarding claim 16, wherein the valve device is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

Regarding claim 17, wherein the valve device is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 9-12 and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Furusawa et al. (5,911,208) in view of Yasuhara et al. (4,478,179). Furusawa discloses a fuel injection system for an internal combustion engine, the system comprising a high-pressure side (35) including at least one high-pressure reservoir (55) in which fuel is stored at injection pressure and at least one injector (56) communicating with the high-pressure reservoir, for fuel injection to a cylinder of the engine, a low-pressure side (39) which communicates at least indirectly with a fuel tank (13), and a communication (41) between the high-pressure side (35) and the low-pressure side (39), which communication is controlled as a function of the fuel temperature (col. 8 and I. 52) in the high-pressure side.

Furusawa does not teach the communication at a high fuel temperature is at least substantially closed so that the high-pressure side is disconnected from the low-pressure side, and that is open at a low fuel temperature.

Yasuhara discloses a temperature-responsive device (19c) that at a high fuel temperature is at least substantially closed so that the high-pressure side is

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disconnected from the low-pressure side, and that is open at a low fuel temperature; see col. 4 and II. 29-35.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the spill valve (41) of Furusawa with the temperature responsive device of Yasuhara in order to control fuel vapor in the system.

Regarding claim 10, further comprising a valve device (19c) controlling the communication of the high-pressure side with the low-pressure side, which valve device is influenced by the fuel temperature in the high-pressure side.

Regarding claim 11, wherein the valve device (19c) comprises a bimetal-switching device having at least two elements that comprise metals of different coefficients of thermal expansion.

Regarding claim 12, wherein a flow section is opened between the two elements at a low fuel temperature; and wherein at a high fuel temperature, the flow cross-section is at least substantially closed by the element having the greater coefficient of thermal expansion.

Regarding claim 15, wherein the valve device (19c) is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

Regarding claim 16, wherein the valve device (19c) is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

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Regarding claim 17, wherein the valve device (19c) is disposed in a component in the high-pressure side, preferably in a housing part, a line, or a connection element of a line.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 13,14 and 18-21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited references disclose high-pressure fuel systems have a fuel returns.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mahmoud Gimie whose telephone number is 571-272-4841. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday between 7 a.m. -3:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen K. Cronin can be reached on 571-272-4536. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

MG

MAHMOUD GIMIE PRIMARY EXAMINER